## **Coordinate Geometry - Reflection**

## **Important Concepts**

- The mutual perpendicular lines intersecting each other at their zeroes are called rectangular axes or coordinate axes
- 2. Horizontal axis is called x-axis and the vertical axis is called y-axis.
- (0,0) is the called the origin.
- 4. The position of a point in a plane is expressed by a pair of two numbers called coordinates.
- 5. Reflection is a map that transforms an object into its mirror image.
- 6. A point which does not change upon undergoing a certain reflection is said to have reflection symmetry and is known as the invariant point.
- 7. When the reflection takes place in the x-axis, retain the abscissa as it is, but change the sign of the ordinate.
- 8. When the reflection takes place in the y-axis, retain the ordinate as it is, but change the sign of the abscissa.
- 9. When reflection takes place in the origin, change the sign of both the coordinates.
- 10.  $M_X$  means reflection in the x-axis.
- 11.  $M_v$  means reflection in the y-axis.
- 12. M<sub>o</sub> means reflection in the origin.
- 13.  $M_X M_Y$  means that the point is first reflected in the x-axis and then in the y-axis.