## Coordinate Geometry - Reflection

## Important Concepts

1. The mutual perpendicular lines intersecting each other at their zeroes are called rectangular axes or coordinate axes
2. Horizontal axis is called $x$-axis and the vertical axis is called $y$-axis.
3. $(0,0)$ is the called the origin.
4. The position of a point in a plane is expressed by a pair of two numbers called coordinates.
5. Reflection is a map that transforms an object into its mirror image.
6. A point which does not change upon undergoing a certain reflection is said to have reflection symmetry and is known as the invariant point.
7. When the reflection takes place in the x-axis, retain the abscissa as it is, but change the sign of the ordinate.
8. When the reflection takes place in the y-axis, retain the ordinate as it is, but change the sign of the abscissa.
9. When reflection takes place in the origin, change the sign of both the coordinates.
10. $M_{x}$ means reflection in the $x$-axis.
11. $M_{y}$ means reflection in the $y$-axis.
12. $M_{o}$ means reflection in the origin.
13. $M_{X} M_{Y}$ means that the point is first reflected in the $x$-axis and then in the $y$-axis.
